

#### Scheme of Work

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Length	Approx. 1 hour	Approx. 1 hour	Approx. 1 hour
Objectives	<ul> <li>To define the different dimensions and drivers of the opportunity business model.</li> <li>To identify the vision and opportunities of a real business.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify key dimensions and drivers for a new business idea.</li> <li>To produce a business proposition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To present a business proposition to an audience.</li> <li>To evaluate different business propositions.</li> </ul>

### Lesson 1 plan

Charten activity	Lagranian abiastina
Starter activity	Learning objectives
Students discuss the question: Are	To define the different dimensions and  drivers of the appearture to be a property in the property of the the
entrepreneurs born or made?	drivers of the opportunity business model.
Arguments for each side of the debate can be	
collated as a class verbally or on the board.	<ul> <li>To identify the vision and opportunities of a real business.</li> </ul>
Then each student votes on which side of the	
debate they believe in. The teacher should keep	
a record of how many students voted for each.	
Main activities	Resources required
In their own time, students watch the video on Step 1.3 and makes notes on the dimensions	Access to FutureLearn course
and drivers in the opportunity business model.	2. Devices to watch video on.
This should include a definition or explanation	Assessment for Learning
as well as the example given in the video.	Summary notes.
These notes can be structured as a table or	The coate to a coate
mind map.	Identifying vision and opportunities for a
	business.
In pairs, students choose one business	Differentiation
(preferably local) and describe its vision and	SEND: Teacher-led support.
opportunities. They may need to do some	Low ability: Peer-learning.
research for this task.	Low ability. I collicalling.
	Gifted and Talented: Peer-teaching.
	Plenary
	Students choose a team of up to 3 to work with
	for the next two lessons. Each team must
	choose one industry they would be happy to set
	up a business in (e.g. fashion, food, technology
	etc). Each team should start researching their
	industry for opportunities before the next lesson
	begins.

### Lesson 2 plan

Starter activity	Learning objectives	
The teacher conducts a quick verbal quiz on what students remember about the opportunity business model from last lesson.	<ul> <li>To identify key dimensions and drivers for a new business idea.</li> </ul>	
	To produce a business proposition.	
Main activities	Resources required	
Each team is given a copy of the Opportunity business model template from Step 2.3 of the course to help them with the following task.	<ol> <li>Access to FutureLearn course.</li> <li>Opportunity business model template</li> </ol>	
	print-out.	
Students work together in their teams to create a business proposition for a new business idea in their chosen industry. It must include the	Devices to conduct research on or create the presentation.	
following:	Materials for poster making if chosen approach (could be digital).	
<ul><li>Drivers</li></ul>	Assessment for Learning	
Seven word proposition	Verbal quiz.	
	Differentiation	
The teams will present their work as a brief slideshow or poster in the next lesson, but they	SEND: Teacher-led support.	
need to ensure their presentation is less than 5 minutes long.	Low ability: Peer-learning.	
	Gifted and Talented: Peer-teaching.	
	Plenary	
	Students must make plans with their team to finish the proposition before the next lesson.	
	man and proposition actions and more resolutions	

### Lesson 3 plan

Starter activity	Learning objectives
Students have a few minutes to finalise their plans for	To present a business proposition
their presentation.	to an audience.
	To evaluate different business propositions.
Main activities	Resources required
Each team briefly presents their business proposition to the rest of the class within 5 minutes.	Access to FutureLearn course.
OPTIONAL ACTIVITIES:	Projector to show team's presentations.
The class can ask questions after each proposition. At	procentations:
the end, the class can also provide feedback (written or verbal) on which business they think will succeed	Assessment for Learning
and why.	Presentations.
Students vote again on if they think entrepreneurs are born or made – the teacher can then compare the	Evaluation of business propositions.
results now to what they said in the first lesson. Then	Differentiation
a brief discussion can be held with the whole class about why the results have changed/stayed the same.	SEND: teacher-led support.
	Low ability: Peer-learning.
	Gifted and Talented: Peer-teaching.
	Plenary
	Students write down the three most important things they think they've learnt from the least three lessons.